

CRISIS IN THAW TRIAL— JEROME CALLS HIM INSANE

Climax Precipitated When Defense Introduced Dr. Hamilton.

ATTACK ON PRISONER'S COUNSEL

District Attorney Says They Knew Their Client Was Not Sane—States He Does Not Want an Insane Man Sent to Chair.

New York City.—After a startling climax in the most sensational criminal trial of modern times, Harry K. Thaw, on trial for the murder of Stanford White, was brought face to face with the imminent peril of imprisonment in the State Asylum for the Criminal Insane in Matteawan rather than danger of death in the electric chair at Sing Sing.

Not since the trial was begun nine weeks ago in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court had there been a court session filled with so many surprises, and, when court finally was adjourned, the general opinion of those in the courtroom was that within a fortnight Thaw would be on his way to New York's Asylum for the Criminal Insane.

As the direct result of a surprisingly audacious move of the defense, in calling to the witness stand Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton in the hope of strengthening a jeopardized case, District Attorney Jerome was given gratuitously the opportunity for which he has watched since the trial began. He seized it and laid before the Court facts looking to the appointment of a commission to determine the present mental state of the defendant.

The prop Thaw's counsel sought to insert beneath a tottering defense was converted by Mr. Jerome into a weapon against it.

In an impassioned address, during which his voice at times vibrated with deep emotion, the District Attorney, after the juryman had retired at the Court's behest, asserted the profound belief that Thaw's counsel, by the deliberate suppression of evidence of hereditary taint of insanity in the defendant's family, had forced the Court and the prosecuting attorney into the anomalous attitude of placing on trial for life a man, Mr. Hartbridge, formerly Dr. Bingham, who was and who still is the victim of a progressive and practically hopeless type of insanity, and who is at the present moment incapable of properly deliberating with his counsel upon an issue that concerns his life.

Mr. Jerome almost from the beginning of the trial has been convinced that Thaw is a paranoiac. The depositions made before him and Mr. Hartbridge, formerly Dr. Bingham, and Dr. Deeman some weeks ago, giving direct evidence of four cases of pronounced insanity, some of them epileptic in character, among Harry Thaw's immediate blood relatives, tended strongly to confirm the District Attorney's belief. It was this he had in mind when he repeatedly told the Court he hoped to be able to escape the necessity of opening the case gates to the flood of testimony that subsequently was flooded with the testimony of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw.

Though it was District Attorney Jerome who brought about the conditions that made the appointment of the Lunacy Commission stand out as the logical outcome, the purpose of the District Attorney would have remained far from being accomplished if it had not been for John B. Gleason, one of Thaw's lawyers. Gleason insisted on flinging himself into the foreground of the proceedings, and the result was that Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, called as an alienist for the defense, asserted pointblank that in his opinion Thaw was insane now, and that his mental condition was such as to make him incapable of consulting rationally with his counsel.

Dr. Hamilton, retained as an expert by the lawyers who first undertook the Thaw defense, made four examinations of the defendant in the Tombs, the first of which was two days after the homicide. As a result he reported his conclusion that Thaw was a victim of dementia praecox of a paranoiac type, and that the ultimate recovery in such cases is only about two per cent. This did not suit the defendant, who scorned the insanity defense except as a temporary expedient, and who dismissed as his counsel the firm of Black, Olcott, Gruber & Bonnyne.

That Mr. Jerome has all along believed that Thaw was insane when he shot White and is insane at the present time he made perfectly plain in the course of an impassioned address to the court after Dr. Hamilton had testified. The scene when he made his appeal was one of great excitement. Every spectator was leaning forward in his seat, and the sentences that fell from Mr. Jerome's lips. The District Attorney was much moved and Justice Fitzgerald himself showed that the case had reached its crisis.

As for Thaw's lawyers, a condition bordering upon panic prevailed among them. They were all on their feet, and most of them had hurried inside of the hall where they could talk with Mr. Delmas. This was the state of affairs when the jury had been sent from the room in order that Mr. Jerome might tell the court what he knew from his investigations.

American Peanut Shortage.
Holmes & Dawso, of Norfolk, Va., estimate a yield of fifty-three and one-third per cent. peanut crop based on the crop of 1905 (which was estimated by the American Nut Journal, of Petersburg, Va., at 14,000,000 bushels).

Wounded in a French Duel.
M. Arene, a Senator, and M. Brisson, a newspaper magnate, fought a duel with swords at Paris, in which the former was severely injured.

Blasting Cap Tears Off Man's Head.
L. L. Walden, superintendent of the Pullman mines in the Sierra Mountains, Arizona, was killed by the explosion of a blasting cap which he was crimping between his teeth. He lived several hours with his head almost off.

To Be Executed on a Saturday.
An electrocution on Saturday instead of Friday, as has been the custom, will be that at Columbus, Ohio, of Dr. Oliver C. Haugh, who will die April 6, the Supreme Court having decided against his appeal.

about the mental history of Harry Thaw, but which technical legal objections had kept him from getting before the jury. This was the thunderbolt that smote the Thaw defense: "If the real facts were known, I have no right to be here trying this man. It would be absolutely prohibitive. But this knowledge that I have cannot be put in any legal form at this time. If it could it would shock the conscience of the court and instantly this case would be stopped."

"I know and so does every man who has followed this case and who has watched this defendant, that Harry Thaw is insane at this moment, and that he is absolutely incapable of conferring with his lawyers. We have no right to try him for his life."

A babel of voices broke upon the courtroom—Jerome, Delmas, Gleason endeavoring to get the ear of the court, Justice Fitzgerald striving to calm the agitated advocates. In all parts of the room excited men were on their feet, despite the loud cries of the attendants for order.

Surely, no more dramatic picture has ever been presented in a court of justice. But this was not all. The District Attorney, raising his voice to a pitch that found the remotest corners of the courtroom, proceeded to make a savage attack on the lawyers for the defense.

He asserted that if certain statements in regard to Thaw's actions which had been made to him were true, he would ask the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court to take judicial notice of the conduct of the lawyers for the defendant.

The appointment of a lunacy commission has been invoked under Section 658, Chapter 5 of the Criminal Code. Under this the court is empowered. If the defendant is reported sane, the trial will be resumed; if reported insane, he will be sent without further proceedings to Matteawan.

A THEFT OF \$400,000.

American Mail Bag Stolen on Board La Provence—One Arrest.

Paris, France.—An American mail bag, the contents of which are valued at approximately \$400,000, has been stolen. The theft occurred on board the French Line steamer La Provence, which left New York on February 23 and arrived at Havre on March 6.

The postal authorities have placed the affair in the hands of detectives. A man giving the name of Butloss was arrested here recently with American securities to the value of \$42,000 in his possession for which he could not account satisfactorily. Butloss is believed to be an accomplice of the thieves, and to have been attempting to negotiate the proceeds of the robbery.

BANK TELLER ABSCONDS.

It Is Rumored That He Had Been Playing the Stock Market.

Charlotte, N. C.—Frank H. Jones, teller in the Charlotte National Bank, left town carrying \$50,000 of the bank's cash and leaving a further shortage of \$18,000.

He told a bank official he had an urgent call to Richmond. The bank has offered \$1000 for his arrest.

Jones was prominent in social and church circles, being a Sunday-school teacher and otherwise religiously allied. He left a wife in a hospital under treatment, and three children.

The shortage will not inconvenience the bank, as it has \$1,100,000 assets.

It is said Jones played the stock market.

EXPULSION FROM ASSEMBLY.

Punishment Inflicted on the Rev. J. Frank Burke at Trenton.

Trenton, N. J.—For the first time in the history of the New Jersey Legislature a preacher has been driven out of the House. This was the punishment inflicted on the Rev. J. Frank Burke, secretary of the New Jersey Anti-Saloon League, because of his charges of conspiracy made against Assemblymen Perkins, Klenert and Alexander for the failure of the House Judiciary Committee, of which they were a majority, to report the local option bill introduced at the recent session of the League.

Mr. Burke failed to substantiate his charges and this was the punishment decided upon by the House.

MOR LYNCHES TWO WOMEN.

Negresses, Who Had Attacked White Woman, Shot in Arkansas.

Stamps, Ark.—Two negro women were shot to death by a mob at McKame, a village six miles south of here. The town has no jail and the women had been locked up in the schoolhouse and a guard placed in charge of the building. They were charged with using a razor with which they had killed a white woman, Ella Rhoton, and kicking Mrs. Rhoton's little son.

JAIL FOR COAL TRUST HEAD.

Omaha Judge Fines Howell and Gives Him Six Months' Sentence.

Omaha.—Samuel E. Howell, president of the Omaha Coal Trust, was sentenced to serve six months in jail and pay a fine of \$2000. This is the limit of the law.

Judge Sutton, in sentencing Howell, told him that "no better than a common highwayman who put a revolver to a man's face and made him give up his money." He said that if it had not been for money and greed lawyers Howell would have been "in jail long ago, where he belonged."

Cleveland's Birthday Observed.

The seventieth birthday of Grover Cleveland was commemorated at Caldwell, N. J., at the First Presbyterian Church, where a banquet was given of a tablet inscribed: "In this room Grover Cleveland was born March 18, 1837." In New York City National, State and city flags were flown from the City Hall in his honor.

Mrs. Sage's Gift.

Mrs. Russell Sage gave \$750,000 in charity to four organizations.

HUSBAND'S VENGEANCE.

In This Case the Man Who Steals a Wife Is Killed.

Richmond, Va.—C. B. Miles, a miner, at Seaboard, Tazewell County, was shot and instantly killed by Richard Ferrell. It is alleged that Miles, who had been parading with Ferrell, had become too fond of Ferrell's wife. He was ordered to leave the place, but he persuaded Mrs. Ferrell to go with him. Ferrell came upon the two while they were making their escape and promptly shot Miles dead. Ferrell gave himself up.

CROWNED AGAIN.



—By Macauley, in the New York World.

"LOOK FOR THE WOMAN" HERE; STUDY HER VARYING MOODS

Talk About "Laying Bare Her Soul"—These Brief Stories, Gathered From One Day's Telegraphic News, Prove What Adam Knew, That She Excites at Once the Lofliest and Lowest Emotions.

It is not necessary to "look for the woman" in any of these short and interesting stories. As always she aroused the love, inspired the jealousy, excited the hatred that lends them all a moral and makes them all so valuable to the student of human nature—New York World.

Father Tears Bride of 14 From Husband's Arms.

Richmond, Va.—Jeter Matherly, a young man of Pittsylvania County, is under arrest at Chatham, charged with swearing falsely to the age of Miss Edna Adkins, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Preston Adkins, to get a license to marry her. The Rev. A. T. Ponton, pastor of High Point Church, had just said, "Now you are married; may you be happy," when Papa Adkins and a policeman entered the parsonage.

The father seized the tearful girl and took her home, where he locked her up. The young bridegroom cried and raged in the road and begged to see his young wife in vain. Adkins says he will prosecute Matherly for abduction as well as false swearing and that on these grounds he will divorce his daughter. Matherly protests his love for the girl, who bitterly resents her father's interference.

Bridegroom of 18 Shoots Wife and Kills Himself.

Richmond, Va.—Oris Thompson, a cotton mill operator, eighteen years old, shot and fatally wounded his young wife and killed himself at Lynchburg. They married three months ago and quarreled two weeks ago. Then the bride, who has worn long skirts only since her wedding, left her husband and sought a boarding house. Thompson went to his wife's apartments and talked with her awhile.

She vowed she would not return to him. Mad with jealous rage, he drew a revolver and shot her twice, one ball piercing her neck. Then Thompson blew out his alleged brains.

Kills Man, Flees With Victim's Wife; Is Captured.

Richmond, Va.—"Kid" Solon, who killed Edward Darling at the Eskridge & Carrington's camp, two miles from Free Hill. Darling's wife left him two weeks ago and went to Solon's home. Darling, who is said to have made threats to kill Solon, went to Solon's house. Solon saw him coming, ran into the yard and fired twice, killing Darling instantly. He took \$40 from Darling's pockets and fled with Darling's wife. But the fact that she was with him made his capture easier, and he was soon taken.

Jealous Woman Puts on Man's Clothes and Shoots.

Kenosha, Wis.—A woman wearing man's clothes shot twice at Herbert A. Graves, a young unmarried architect, in his office. One bullet pierced his left hand. He says only: "The person who shot me stood behind portieres and I saw a raincoat."

SUB-TREASURY CASH NOT FOUND.

Count of \$62,000,000 in Chicago Falls to Reveal Missing \$173,000.

Chicago.—The official count of the money in the Sub-Treasury was completed, and with it went the last hope that the missing \$173,000 might be accounted for through a mistake in depositing or checking up.

Practically \$62,000,000 was gone over under the direction of Deputy Assistant Treasurer Gideon C. Bantz, who came from Washington to supervise the work.

The Other Side of the World.

China's trade with Japan has increased sixty per cent. in the last two years.

India is using much portland cement in building, for temples particularly.

Shipbuilding in Japan employs 10,000 men at Nagasaki, 8000 at Kobe and 4000 at Osaka. All the Japanese yards are full of orders.

New South Wales offers \$30 a head toward the passage money of approved agriculturists and domestic servants to that colony, and \$20 a head for other desirable immigrants.

and women's boots and a man's hat. She ran away.

She left this note, which the police have:

"I have decided to kill myself. Don't bring any more girls from Kenosha to Racine while I am alive. I would have killed you last night only my nerve failed me."

The note is unsigned. The police say the writer is a married woman of Racine, where the Graves family live. Graves admits that the Racine woman is jealous of him, but vows he is not certain that she shot him.

"Pleasant Surprise" For Jones and His True Wife.

Saltillo, Mexico.—The wife of G. Belle Jones, a wealthy American business man in North Mexico, has arrived here from Long Beach, Cal., where she lived for several years. She was pained and shocked to find her husband living with another Mrs. Jones. He weakened, was taken before the local authorities and swore the Long Beach woman was his legal wife.

Jones came to Mexico twelve years ago, bringing wife No. 2 with him. The original Mrs. Jones says that she received letters regularly from him. He always wrote that he was working at a small salary in a remote mining camp and could not get enough money ahead to visit her. She has been saving money for several years to make this visit, thinking to give him a pleasant surprise. He has a son born in Mexico.

Died Rather Than Marry Man Her Mother Chose.

St. Louis.—Rather than marry the man her widowed mother chose for her husband, Miss Grace Truitt, a pretty girl of sixteen, killed herself. She took carbolic acid at Mrs. Henry Lang's home. No. 4252 Finney avenue, and died in an ambulance on the way to the City Hospital. A letter from J. H. Weakley, of Pueblo, Colo., was found in the girl's pocket. It called her his "black-eyed friend." He regretted, too, that Miss Grace and her mother could not get along amicably.

"I often advised Grace to be less girlish and to think of marriage," said Mrs. Truitt. "Mr. Weakley was deeply in love with my daughter and wanted to marry her. I favored the match. We moved to No. 90 North Garrison avenue two weeks ago, and I told Grace that she could not receive any young men there."

All of a Sudden Wintberg Lost a Good Appetite.

Lakeview, Iowa.—Mrs. Charles Wintberg, the young and pretty bride of a business man here, has suddenly disappeared, causing a sensation, particularly to Mr. Wintberg. He found this note on the dining table instead of his dinner:

"Good-bye, Charlie. I am going away. I do not love you any more. Inquiry develops that a well-known young man of Auburn, Sac County, to whom Mrs. Wintberg was once engaged, is absent from home. The husband says he had no intimation of his bride's unhappiness."

Nine Die in School Wreck.

Nine persons, eight of them school children, were killed and many others injured at Durango, Mexico, by the collapse of the roof of the public school building while the rooms were crowded. The dead include one of the teachers.

William O'Brien Gains Libel Suit.

The jury in the libel suit of William O'Brien, M. P., against the Freeman's Journal, of Dublin, Ireland, awarded the plaintiff a farthing on each of the six counts.

The Field of Labor.

A building trades council has been formed in Lawrence, Mass.

Eighteen unions in Germany publish a newspaper of their own.

Boston (Mass.) ladies' garment cutters formed a union recently.

Master horseshoers, of San Jose, Cal., have granted the journeymen the wage raise demanded.

Union printers of Norfolk, Va., have made a demand for an increase in their wage scale of \$3.50 a week. The increase is based on the increased cost of living.

PRESIDENT'S CONFERENCES OVER RAILROAD CONTROL

Discussing Situation With Various Governors and Magnates.

VIEWS ON WALL STREET FLURRY

B. F. Yoakum First to See Roosevelt—Rock Island's Head, Like Harriman, Sees in Federal Control Lesser of Evils.

Washington, D. C.—President Roosevelt began a series of conferences regarding the policy of the Government toward the railroads when he had an hour's talk with B. F. Yoakum, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad.

President Mellen of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, also had a conference on railroad matters with the President.

No decision has been reached as to whether President McCrear, of the Pennsylvania; Hughitt, of the Chicago and Northwestern; and Newman, of the New York Central, will come here for a conference, but it is the President's purpose to discuss this matter thoroughly with the Governors of several States, and other persons who are posted on railroad matters.

President Roosevelt is determined to secure further legislation, which will give the Government more power over the railroads, and the railroad presidents themselves are ready to agree to it if by so doing they can bring to an end the hostile legislation by the States, which has, they say, caused depreciation in railroad stocks and bonds, and made it difficult to borrow money for betterments.

But Roosevelt and the railroad presidents are not in thorough accord as to what action shall be taken to end the agitation. The President desires the enactment of a Federal franchise law, providing for the issuance of licenses to corporations, including railroads, and another law which will result in squeezing the water out of railroad securities and protect the public against the "high finance" methods of the railroads.

The railroad presidents want President Roosevelt to issue a statement which will cause a change in the attitude of the people and State Legislatures toward the railroads, and also desire him to use his influence to end unfavorable legislation by the States. With this end in view Chairman Yoakum called at the White House to assure the President that so far as his road is concerned it earnestly desires to co-operate with the Government in the enforcement of the new law, the Elkins Anti-Rebate law and the Sherman Anti-Trust law. Mr. Yoakum said there would be no objection to further Federal legislation, especially if it be as to guarantee to the railroads stable freight rates and protect them from hostile legislation by the States.

The view is entertained here that with the unprecedented prosperity of the country and the large patronage the railroads are receiving, the shrinkage in values which is recorded in Wall Street must be the result of speculative tactics which have abnormally built up the market, and that securities are merely returning to their normal value because the manipulators have been unable to maintain an unnatural inflation. The President and his advisers make no pretense to a deep insight into Wall Street methods, but it has occurred to them that perhaps the present shrinkage is not altogether unlooked for, and it is a perfectly safe inference that a materially greater shrinkage would not produce anything approaching a panic among the men in charge of the affairs of the nation.

ARRESTS FOR LONDON THEFT.

Two Famous Criminals Taken For Robbing Tiffany's Abroad.

New York City.—Charged with having committed a jewelry robbery in London, the biggest recorded by the police in twenty years, two thieves well known to the police were arrested on board the Hamburg-American liner Amerika when she reached Quarantine. Jewelry valued at between \$25,000 and \$30,000, which it is alleged they stole from Tiffany's London house and another big jewelry store in Bond street, was big jewels among their persons and in their first cabin on the Amerika.

The men were booked as Arthur Preston Green and Charles Rohrer. Their pictures are in the Rogues' Gallery.

MANTOBIAN LABOR FAMINE.

Vast Railroad Projects That Contractors Are Unable to Carry Out.

Winnipeg, Manitoba.—Six thousand miles of railroad are under contract to be completed during 1907 on the prairies between Winnipeg and the mountains of Western Canada, on the Canadian Pacific Railroad, Canadian Northern Railroad, Great Northern and Grand Trunk and Pacific. The latter has opened 100 new towns.

There is no labor to complete this work. Contractors are growing desperate, as they are under heavy penalties to complete the work. All hill contracts are let with a bonus and penalty in Western Canada.

Felony to Run a Bucket-Shop.

Governor Folk, of Missouri, signed the bill passed by the last Legislature making it a felony to operate a bucket-shop in Missouri. The penalty clause also includes any telegraph or telephone company which furnishes information to a bucket-shop. The Governor also signed a bill amending the pool-selling law so as to make telegraph and telephone instruments devices for registering bets on horse races.

Newsy Paragraphs.

Balloons are to be purchased for the United States Army.

England is experiencing a wave of reform in business methods.

The first thousand Kanakas have been deported from Queensland without any trouble.

Legislative investigation of the cost of Pennsylvania's new Capitol was begun in Harrisburg.

Over twenty-five State Legislatures this winter have undertaken to enact laws against the railroads, mostly through regulation, direct or indirect, of their charges and service.

SALVADOR JOINS HONDURAS

Nicaragua Wins Sea Fight and Takes Trujillo.

Honduran Navy, Manned With American Gunners, Defeated—2500 Salvadoran Troops in Field.

Panama.—Information has been received here from reliable sources in Salvador, tending to show that the Republic of Salvador has formed an alliance with Honduras in the war against Nicaragua.

Twenty-five hundred Salvadoran troops are said to have made a landing at Amapala on March 10, and to have started on the march to Choluteca. The troops are under command of General Jose Perea, are well equipped, and came from San Miguel, Honduras.

General Bonilla, President of the Honduran Republic, has started for Segovia, Nicaragua, leading a considerable number of soldiers, among whom are two large detachments of Nicaraguan revolutionists—under command of Generals Chavarria and Chamorro.

The Guatemalan Government is reported to have refused to grant the request of some Honduran revolutionists for permission to cross the frontier for the purpose of invading Honduras.

Managua, Nicaragua.—Nicaraguan naval forces have captured the port of Trujillo, Honduras. One gun, a number of rifles and considerable ammunition were among the spoils. The Honduran gunboat, Tatumbia, and the Mexican steamer Olympia, under charter, both with ex-American seamen on board as gunners, were reported to have sailed from Puerto Cortes, Honduras, bound for Trujillo. It is said here that the Honduran naval vessels were defeated by the Nicaraguan forces or else they did not arrive in season to prevent the capture of the town.

Washington.—Philip Brown, secretary of the American Legation at Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras, has telegraphed the State Department that it is reported there that Trujillo, a port on the north coast of Honduras, is being attacked from the sea by Nicaraguan forces.

It was reported several days ago that three Nicaraguan steamships with armed forces aboard were in the vicinity of Trujillo.

STEUNENBERG CASE BEGUN.

Arguments on Motions in Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone Trial.

Boise, Idaho.—Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, accompanied by four armed guards, were taken to Caldwell. The train was stopped near the Court House at Caldwell and the prisoners were taken from the train.

All the attorneys for both the State and the defense except Clarence Darrow were present when court convened with Judge Fremont Wood, of Boise, on the bench.

The Court announced that the remittitur from the United States Supreme Court, having arrived, he would hear arguments on the motion to dismiss. The motion was argued on behalf of the defendants by Attorney Richardson, who was followed by James H. Hawley, chief counsel for the State. When the arguments ended the Court took the matter under advisement until 2 p. m. and on convening denied the motion.

Arguments were then begun on the motion of the defense for a change of venue.

HELICON HALL BURNED DOWN.

Blow to Upton Sinclair's Colony at Englewood.

Englewood, N. J.—Though Helicon Hall, the home of Upton Sinclair, a co-operative colony in Englewood, was totally destroyed by a fire of mysterious origin, with the loss of one life and injury to five of the colonists, Mr. Sinclair is emphatic in his statement that a new co-operative colony will soon take the place of the old, and that the fire will prove to be an incident merely and not a disaster. The father of the colony said that as soon as they got the smoke out of their eyes the searchers after a modern Utopia would set about re-establishing themselves.

Joseph Briggs, a carpenter from Providence, R. I., was caught in the burning building and killed.

GETS A PRIZE AND DIES.

Town Belle Expires After Skating Four Hours in a Ring.

Rayville, La.—"I feel so tired," gasped Miss Mary Hixon, twenty years old, the belle of the town, at midnight after she had skated four hours in a roller rink without missing a number. Miss Hixon fell back into the arms of her escort, Roland Williams, and was dead in a few seconds.

A physician said that the night's exertion had affected the girl's heart. Miss Hixon recently adopted the roller craze, and had become a proficient skater. An hour before her death she and her partner had been awarded the prize for the most graceful couple on the floor.

Cuban Sugar Plantation Burned.

At Guantanamo, Cuba, fire broke out on the Confluente sugar plantation. The damage is estimated at more than \$400,000. The president of the company owning this plantation is Senator Lema, the Mayor of Madrid.

Mother of Dr. Osler Dead.

Mrs. Featherston Osler died at her home in Toronto, Canada, in her 101st year. She was the mother of Professor William Osler, of Oxford, who advocated the chloroforming of veterans over sixty years of age.

Duma Hall Ceiling Falls.

The fall of a large part of the ceiling of the hall in which the Duma has been meeting in St. Petersburg caused an indefinite postponement of the sessions.

Prominent People.

President Roosevelt has joined a riflemen's association.

President Truesdale, of the Lackawanna, deprecates the public hostility to railroads.

Senator Clark, whose term has just expired, once worked in the quartz mines for \$1.25 a day.

Former Senator Spooner was chosen as counsel to all of James J. Hill's financial interests.

Joshua Piza, of the Isthmus of Panama, and one of the greatest pearl merchants in the world, is visiting Washington.

Perverved Proverbs.

In onion there is strength. Sweats are the juices of adversity. Cosmetics cover a multitude of skins.

A soft director turneth away graft. Hell hath no fury like a woman's scorn.

A wise boss maketh a glad party. A fat rebate is rather to be chosen than straight profits.

A woman is known by the cooks she cannot keep. Fools invest where angels fall to swim.—Saturday Night.

FADED TO A SEADOWN.